PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Burcau



(51) International Patent Classification 6:		(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/35933
C07C 211/63, C11D 3/30, A01N 33/12	A 1	(43) International Publication Date: 20 August 1998 (20.08.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/GRS (22) International Filing Date: 10 February 1998 (12) (30) Priority Data: 970100054 14 February 1997 (14.02.97) (71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: VENETSIANOS, 7 [GR/GR]; 36 P. Mela Street, GR-143 42 Nea 16 (GR).	10.02.98) G Timolec Filadelf	BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPC patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
(74) Agent: PSALTIRAS, Gregory; 6, Lascareos Street, GF Ilioupolis (GR).	K-103 4	Published With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.
(54) Tide: NEW POLYDYNAMIC CHEMICAL COMPO	OSITIO	N OF MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS AND METHOD OF PREPARA
(57) Abstract		
chloride and benzyl – dimethyl tetradecyl (myristyl) ammo content of 2 % by weight totally, aromatizators in a conten	nium cl nt of 2 9	nary ammonium salts benzyl – dimethyl – dodecyl (lauryl) ammonium loride in a content of 5 % by weight totally, as well as on alcohols in a by weight totally and deionized water in a content of 91 % by weight, d cleansing means and as a synergistic material in industrial processings
		•

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
ΑT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Schegal
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	Tj	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IB	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	lL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KB	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
СН	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL.	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korca	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

WO 98/35933 PCT/GR98/00004

NEW POLYDYNAMIC CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS AND METHOD OF PREPARATION THEREOF

The present invention refers to a novel polydynamic chemical composition and to the method of preparation thereof, composed by benzyl - dimethyl - dodecyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyl - dimethyl tetradecyl (myristyl) ammonium chloride and other chemical substances or compounds, which composition is used in a wide field of applications, such as disinfectant and cleansing means of general use, as a means of water purification, as an augmentative of plant growth, as a synergistic material in fubric dying methods and procedures, as a synergistic material in insecticidal means, as a synergistic material in the biological purification of water and of the atmospheric air, as an antifrictional material, as an antistatic means, as an infiltration means because of its penetration ability as well as in various other applications.

10

15

20

25

30

As it is known until today, similar chemical compounds are commercially available for various use of cleansing, disinfection, plant growth e.t.c., which, on the other hand present several problems and disadvantages, such as, that, either a large amount of active substance is necessary, resulting in certain side effects and harmful influences that finally make the product ineffective, or a long duration is needed for it to act or due to its incompatibility with other compositions the product and its method of use become expensive and non-profitable.

The proposed composition and its method of use, which consists of compounds such as quaternary salts, as above, converts the conventional production methods into methods of high technology, because of the composition, which, thanks to its mechanical, chemical and electrostatic properties has excellent results to all the fields of its application in an easy, complete and not all expensive way.

The new composition of the present invention presents the following advantages with regard to the prior art compounds of similar applications:

- A wide range of applications both in the field of industrial production and in the level of its use as a final product in a plurality of fields.
- Excellent and quick efficiency.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

- Relatively low content of the active substance, a fact that reduces substantially the cost of production and eliminates the disadvantages and the side effects that are usually du to the high content of the active substance.
- A composition of cationic character , that, on the other hand, presents tolerance (is compatible) to non-ionic or anionic compositions , resulting in the improved efficiency and the elimination , substancially, of the incompatibility with other materials and compounds of anionic character, which it comes in contact with.
- Increased bonding (linking) ability of the used matrials and improved activation of thematerial to be elaborated.
- Improved and suitable surfactant possibility of the used materials.
- Low toxicity with excellent possible efficiency.
- Increased strength resulting to the increase of the duration of the active time of the product.

The content of the active substance in the new polydynamic composition amounts to 5% by weight of the salts in the water of 91% ontent by weight and 4% by weight of the materials, which include alcohols of 2% by weight, aromatizators and complex compounds of non-ionic character of a total content 2% by weight.

Method of preparation: Quaternary salts are received, i.e benzyl - dimethyl - dodecyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyl - dimethyl (myristyl) ammonium chloride in a quantity of 5% by weight and they are heated in a high and stable temperature, i.e. 70 oC for 6 hours in a water- bath. Following this, the mixture is put into dionized water of 91% content by weight of the total mixture which is enriched with metals, substantially with iron, in stable temperature of 55 oC . A light stirring follows for 1 hour in stable temperature , while afterwards a mixing with double recycling by swirl is caused tothe mixture, i.e. by pumping it and reflowing it into the working tub. After the one-hour stirring, the alcohols are poured into the working tub in a content of 2% by weight ,which have a stable content temperature of 40 oC. During the flowing of the alcohols into the working tub , the temperature is gradually reduced until it is stabilized at 40°C, so that the temperature of the mixture and the alcohols is equated. Afterwards, a stirring occurs, at the same time increasing the temperature until it reaches a temperature of 55°C and then,

the essential oils (aromatizators) and the complex substances (oil, water, alcohol) are put which have a total content of 2% by weight. The stirring of the mixture is continued until it obtains an homogenous form while the pH is adjusted to 7 by adding reagents (acids or caustic soda) in the suitable quantity. The mixture is allowed to cool down by transusing it into a polyesteric or glass tank. Quality control of the final product follows.

The new composition that is produced according to the present invention, has various applications and usages in a wide field of the production of disinfectant and cleansing products a swell as in the procedure of cleansing water of sewage, in agriculture, in the filed of sanitation of public places, the disinfection of medical machines, the industry of fabric dying and several others, which all fall under the scope object and claims of the present invention.

- 1. The mixture is allowed to cool down by transfusing it into a polyesteric or glass tank and a quality control of the final product follows.
- A chemical composition which is produced with the method of the claim (1), which includes
 - benzyl-dimethyl-dodecyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyldimethyl tetradecyl (myristyl) ammonium chloride in a content of 5% by weight.
 - water in a content of 91% by weight on the total of the mixture, enriched with metals and especially with iron
 - alcohols in a content of 2% by weight

WO 98/35933

10

15

20

30

- aromatizators and compound materials in a content of 2% per weight.
- 3. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a synergistic material in fabric dying procedures.
 - 4. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a synergistic material in the biological cleansing of water and sewage.
 - 5. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an augmentation means for the growth of plants and agricultures.
 - 6. A chemical substance, according to the claims (1) and (2), which is sued as a synergistic material in the cleansing of the atmospheric air.
 - 7. A chemical substance according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an antifrictional material.

- 8. A chemical substance according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an antistatic means.
- 9. A chemical substance according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a means of infiltration
- 10. A chemical substance according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a disinfectant and cleansing means as well as in insecticidal formulations.

10

15

20

25

30

CLAIMS

- 1. Method of preparation of a chemical composition, which consists of quaternary ammonium salts benzyl-dimethyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyl-dimethyl tetradecyl (myristyl) ammonium chloride in a content of 5% by weight in total and which is characterized by the following stages:
 - quaternary salts are received, i.e. benzyl-dimethyl-dodecyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyl-dimethyl (ministryl) ammonium chloride in a quantity of 5% by weight in total and they are heated in a high and stable temperature, i.e. 70°C for 6 hours in a water-bath.
 - they are put into deionized water of 91% content by weight of the total mixture, which is enriched with metals, substantially with iron, in stable temperature of 55°C.
 - a light stirring follows for 1 hour in stable temperature, while afterwards a
 mixing with double recycling by swirl is caused to the mixture, i.e. by
 pumping it and reflowing it into the working tub,
 - the alcohols are thrown into the working tub in a content of 2% per weight, which have a stable temperature of 40°C.
 - while the temperature of the mixture is gradually reduced until it is stabilized at 40°C, so that the temperature of the mixture and the alcohols is equated,
 - a stirring occurs with an increase of the temperature until it reaches at 55°C and then, the essential oils (aromatizators) and the complex substances (oil, water, alcohol) are put which have a total content of 2% by weight.
 - the stirring of the mixture is continued until it obtains an homogeneous form while the pH is adjusted to 7 by adding reagents (acids or caustic soda) in the suitable quantity,
 - the mixture is allowed to cool down by transfusing it into a polyesteric or glass tank and a quality control of the final product follows.
- 2. A chemical composition which is produced with the method of the claim (1) which includes
 - benzyl-dimetyl-doecyl (lauryl) ammonium chloride and benzyl-dimethyl tetradecyl (ministyl) ammonium chloride in a content of 5% by weight

10

- water in a content of 91% by weight on the total of the mixture, enriched with metals and especially with iron
- alcohols in a content of 2% by weight
- aromatizators and compound materials in a content of 2% by weight.
- 3. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a synergistic material in fabric dying procedures
 - 4. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a synergistic material in the biological cleansing of water and sewage.
 - 5. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an augmentation means for the growth of plants and agricultures.
 - 6. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a synergistic material in the cleansing of the atmospheric air.
 - 7. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an antifrictional material.
- 8. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as an antistatic means.
 - 9. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as means of infiltration.
- 10. A chemical composition according to the claims (1) and (2), which is used as a disinfectant and cleansing means as well as in insecticidal formulations.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internacional Application No
PCT/GR 98/00004

	FIGURE OF CHEST AND THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN	<u>. </u>	
A. CLASSI IPC 6	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07C211/63 C11D3/30 A01N33/	12	
According to	o International Patent Classification(IPC) or to both national classifi	cation and IPC	
	SEARCHED		**************************************
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification)	tion symbole)	
IPC 6	CO7C AOIN CIID		
Documentat	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are included in the fields se	arched
			40104
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data b	ase and, where practical, search terms used)
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		,
Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the re	levant passages	Relevant to claim No.
А	"The Merck Index" 1996 , MERCK RESEARCH LABORATORI WHITEHOUSE STATION, NJ (USA) XPO see paragraph 1086	ES , 02040849	1-10
А	"The Sigma Catatogue. Part B. Alphabetical List of Compounds" January 1997 , SIGMA CHEMICAL CO XP002040850 see page 176, right-hand column, line 42		1-10
		-/	
X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed i	n annex.
Special cal	legories of cited documents : ent defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance	T" later document published after the inter or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the	mational filing date the application but
"E" earlier d	ocument but published on or after the international	invention "X" document of particular relevance; the c	laimed invention
which i	ate nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publicationdate of another n or other special reason (as specified)	cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the do "Y" document of particular relevance; the c	be considered to current is taken alone laimed invention
"O" docume	ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	cannot be considered to involve an in- document is combined with one or mo	ore other such docu-
other n "P" docume later th	neans ont published prior to the international filling date but ain the priority date claimed	ments, such combination being obvior in the art. "8" document member of the same patent	·
	actual completion of theinternational search	Date of mailing of the international sea	
10	6 July 1998	29/07/1998	
Name and m	nailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk		
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Sánchez García, J	.M.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internacional Application No
PCT/GR 98/00004

		PCT/GR 98/00004
	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, or the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Derwent Publications Ltd., London. GB; Class CO1, AN 72-64239T XPO02040851 & JP 47 019 039 A (NISHIMURA H) see abstract	1-10
A	RICHARDS, R. M. E. ET AL: "Differences in antibacterial activity of benzalkonium chloride" J. PHARM. SCI. (1978), 67(3), 380-3 CODEN: JPMSAE;ISSN: 0022-3549, 1978, XP002071748 see page 380	1-10
A	US 5 215 676 A (J.A. STONE) 1 June 1993 see claims	1-10
A	GB 1 068 378 A (MICHIGAN TOOL COMPANY) 28 October 1964 see claims	1-10
A	US 4 952 398 A (TAPIN JEAN) 28 August 1990 see claims	1-10
A	DE 35 34 102 A (SANDOZ AG) 10 April 1986 see claims	1-10
A	WO 93 21766 A (ETHYL CORP) 11 November 1993 see claims	1-10
	-	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Internation No PCT/GR 98/00004

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5215676	Α	01-06-1993	NONE	
GB 1068378	A	***************************************	NONE	
US 4952398	Α	28-08-1990	NONE	
DE 3534102	A	10-04-1986	CH 666297 A FR 2571392 A GB 2165268 A,B JP 61089382 A US 4797131 A	15-07-1988 11-04-1986 09-04-1986 07-05-1986 10-01-1989
WO 9321766	A	11-11-1993	NONE	